

Agilent E8257D PSG Analog Signal Generator

Data Sheet



The Agilent E8257D is a fully synthesized signal generator with high output power, low phase noise, and optional ramp sweep capability.

Specifications apply over a 0 to 55 °C range, unless otherwise stated, and apply after a 45 minute warm-up time. Supplemental characteristics, denoted as typical, nominal, or measured, provide additional (non-warranted) information at 25 °C, which may be useful in the application of the product.

Definitions

Specifications (spec): Represents warranted performance for instruments with a current calibration.

Typical (typ): Represents characteristic performance which is non-warranted. Describes performance that will be met by a minimum of 80% of all products.

Nominal (nom): Represents characteristic performance which is non-warranted. Represents the value of a parameter that is most likely to occur; the mean and/or mode of all measurements of a parameter.

Measured: Represents characteristic performance which is non-warranted. Represents the value of a parameter measured on an instrument during design verification.



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Specifications

Frequency

Range ¹						
Option 520	250 kHz to 20 GHz					
Option 532	250 kHz to 31.8 GHz	250 kHz to 31.8 GHz				
Option 540	250 kHz to 40 GHz	250 kHz to 40 GHz				
Option 550	250 kHz to 50 GHz					
Option 567	250 kHz to 67 GHz (ope	rational up to 70 GHz)				
Resolution						
CW	0.001 Hz					
All sweep modes	0.01 Hz ²					
CW switching speed ^{3, 4}	< 11 ms (typ)					
	7 ms (nom)					
Phase offset	Adjustable in nominal 0.	.1 ° increments				
Frequency bands						
Band	Frequency range	N ⁵				
1	250 kHz to 250 MHz	1/8				
2	> 250 to 500 MHz	1/16				
3	> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	1/8				
4	> 1 to 2 GHz	1/4				
5	> 2 to 3.2 GHz	1/2				
6	> 3.2 to 10 GHz	1				
7	> 10 to 20 GHz	2				
8	> 20 to 40 GHz	4				
9	> 40 GHz	8				
Accuracy	± aging rate ± temperat	ure effects				
	± line voltage effects (no	m) ± calibration accuracy				
Internal timebase reference oscil	lator					
	Standard	Option UNR/UNX				
Aging rate	< ±1 x 10 ⁻⁷ /year or	< ±3 x10 ⁻⁸ /year or				
	< ±4.5 x 10 ⁻⁹ /day	< ±2.5 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /day				
	after 45 days	after 30 days				
Temperature effects (typ)	< ±5 x 10 ⁻⁸ 0 to 55 °C	< ±4.5 x 10 ⁻⁹ 0 to 55 °				
Line voltage effects (typ)	< ±2 x 10 ⁻⁹ for	< ±2 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ for				
	+5% to –10% change	±10% change				
External reference frequency						
	1, 2, 2.5, 5, 10 MHz	10 MHz only				
Lock range	±0.2 ppm	±1.0 ppm				
Reference output						
Frequency	10 MHz					
Amplitude	> +4 dBm into 50 Ω loa	d (typ)				
External reference input						
Amplitude	> –3 dBm					
Option UNR/UNX	5 dBm ±5 dB ⁶					
Input impedance	50 Ω (nom)					

^{1.} Operational, but unspecified, down to 100 kHz.

^{2.} In ramp sweep mode (Option 007), resolution is limited with narrow spans and slow sweep speeds. Refer to ramp sweep specifications for more information.

^{3.} Time from GPIB trigger to frequency within 0.1 ppm of final frequency above 250 MHz or within 100 Hz below 250 MHz.

^{4.} Add 12 ms (typical) when switching from greater than 3.2 GHz to less than 3.2 GHz.

^{5.} N is a factor used to help define certain specifications within the document.

^{6.} To optimize phase noise use 5 dBm \pm 2 dB.

Step (digital) sweep

Ramp (analog) sweep

(Option 007)²

Operating modes	Stan sween of	frequency or amplitude or	hoth (start to ston)				
operating modes		requency or amplitude or t					
Sweep range							
Frequency sweep	Within instrument frequency range						
Amplitude sweep	Within attenuator hold range (see "Output" section)						
Dwell time	1 ms to 60 s						
Number of points	2 to 65535 (step						
	2 to 1601 per tab						
Triggering	Auto, external, s	ingle, or GPIB					
Settling time							
Frequency	< 8 ms (typ) ¹						
Amplitude	< 5 ms (typ)						
Operating modes	 Synthesized fr 						
opo		center/span), (swept CW)				
		ude) sweep (start/stop)	,				
	 Manual sweep 	, ,					
	•	etween start and stop fre	quencies				
	 Alternate sweep 						
		cessive sweeps betweer	n current and				
	stored states						
Sweep span range		inimum ³ to full range					
	Start frequency	Maximum sweep rate	Max span for 100 ms sweep				
	250 kHz to < 0.5 GHz	25 MHz/ms	2.5 GHz				
	0.5 to < 1 GHz	50 MHz/ms	5 GHz				
	1 to < 2 GHz	100 MHz/ms	10 GHz				
	2 to < 3.2 GHz	200 MHz/ms	20 GHz				
	\geq 3.2 GHz	400 MHz/ms	40 GHz				
Frequency accuracy		± timebase (at 100 ms s					
, ,		s than maximum values					
		es proportionally as sweep	-				
Sweep time		not including bandswitch a					
Manual mode settable	10 ms to 200 see						
Resolution	1 ms	Jondo					
Auto mode		value determined by max	kimum sweep				
	rate and 8757D s						
Triggering	Auto, external, s						
Markers		continuously variable free	quency markers				
Display		or RF amplitude pulse					
Functions	M1 to center, M	1/M2 to start/stop, mark	ker delta				
Two-tone (master/slave		synchronously track each					
measurements ⁵	•	ntrol of start/stop freque					
Network analyzer	Fully compatible	with Agilent 8757D scale	ar				
compatibility	network analyze						
	Also useable wi	th Agilent 8757A/C/E sc					
	analyzers for ma	king basic swept measu	rements. ⁷				

^{1. 19} ms (typ) when stepping from greater than 3.2 GHz to less than 3.2 GHz.

^{2.} During ramp sweep operation, AM, FM, phase modulation, and pulse modulation are useable but performance is not guaranteed.

Minimum settable sweep span is proportional to carrier frequency and sweep time. Actual sweep span may be slightly
different than desired setting for spans less than [0.00004% of carrier frequency or 140 Hz] x [sweep time in seconds]. Actual
span will always be displayed correctly.

^{4.} Typical accuracy for sweep times > 100 ms can be calculated from the equation: [(0.005% of span)/(sweep time in seconds)] ± timebase. Accuracy is not specified for sweep times < 100 ms.</p>

^{5.} For master/slave operation use Agilent part #8120-8806 master/slave interface cable.

^{6.} When measuring low-pass devices in AC mode, dynamic range may be reduced up to 10 dB below 3.2 GHz. An external highpass filter may be required to remove 27 kHz pulse source feed-through (For instruments operating from 10 MHz to 20 GHz with 3.5 mm connectors, use Bias Tee part number 5086-7322. For instruments operating from 10 MHz to 50 GHz with 2.4 mm connectors, use Bias Tee part number 5086-7484.)

^{7.} GPIB system interface is not supported with 8757A/C/E, only with 8757D. As a result, some features of 8757A/C/E, such as frequency display, pass-through mode, and alternate sweep, do not function with PSG signal generators.

Output

Power ¹ (dBm)		
Frequency range	Standard	Option 1EA spec. (typ)
Option 520:		
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	–20 to +13	-20 to +16 (+19)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option UNW	-20 to +11	-20 to +11 (+14)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option 1EH	–20 to +13 ²	–20 to +13 (+16) ²
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Options UNW and 1EH	–20 to +10 ²	–20 to +10 (+13) ²
> 3.2 Ghz to 5.2 GHz	–20 to +13	-20 to +22 (+23) ⁴
> 5.2 Ghz to 12 GHz	–20 to +13	-20 to +23 (+24) ⁴
> 12 Ghz to 20 GHz	-20 to +13	–20 to +21 (+23) ⁴
Options 532 and 540:		
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	-20 to +9	–20 to +15 (+18)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option UNW	-20 to +9	–20 to +10 (+13)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option 1EH	-20 to +9	–20 to +12 (+15) ²
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Options UNW and 1EH	–20 to +9 ²	–20 to +9 (+12) ²
> 3.2 to 17 GHz	-20 to +9	–20 to +19 (+21) ⁴
> 17 to 37 GHz	-20 to +9	–20 to +16 (+19) ⁴
> 37 to 40 GHz	-20 to +9	-20 to +14 (+17)
Options 550 and 567:		
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	-20 to +5	-20 to +14 (+17)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option UNW	-20 to +5	-20 to +9 (+12)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option 1EH	-20 to +5	–20 to +11 (+14) ²
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Options UNW and 1EH	-20 to +5	–20 to +8 (+11) ²
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	-20 to +5	–20 to +14 (+21)
> 10 to 20 GHz	-20 to +5	-20 to +14 (+17)
> 20 to 30 GHz	-20 to +5	-20 to +11 (+17)
> 30 to 65 GHz	-20 to +5	-20 to +11 (+14)
> 65 to 67 GHz	-20 to +5	-20 to +10 (+14)
> 67 to 70 GHz	-20 to +5 (typ)	-20 to +8 (typ)
Option 520 with step attenuator (Option 1E1):	(-)[-)	
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	–135 to +11	-135 to +15 (+18)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option UNW	–135 to +10	-135 to +10 (+13)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option 1EH	-135 to $+11^3$	-135 to $+12$ $(+15)^2$
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Options UNW and 1EH		-135 to $+9$ $(+12)^2$
> 3.2 GHz to 10 GHz	–135 to +11	-135 to $+21$ (+22) ⁴
> 10 GHz to 20 GHz	–135 to +11	$-135 \text{ to } +19 (+20)^4$
Options 532 and 540 with step attenuator (Opti		100 10 10 (120)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	–135 to +7	-135 to +14 (+17)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option UNW	-135 to +7	-135 to +9 (+12)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option 1EH	-135 to +7	-135 to $+11$ (+14) ²
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Options UNW and 1EH		-135 to $+8$ $(+11)^2$
> 3.2 to 17 GHz	–135 to +7	$-135 \text{ to } +17 (+20)^4$
> 17 to 37 GHz	–135 to +7 –135 to +7	$-135 \text{ to } +14 (+17)^4$
> 37 to 40 GHz	–135 to +7	-135 to +12 (+16)
Options 550 and 567 with step attenuator (Opti		-155 (0 +12 (+10)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	-110 to +3	-110 to +13 (+16)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option UNW	-110 to +3	-110 to +8 (+11)
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option 1EH	-110 to +3	$-110 \text{ to } +10 (+13)^2$
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option TEH 250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Options UNW and 1EH		-110 to $+7$ (+10) ²
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	-110 to +3	$-110 \text{ to } +7 (+10)^{-1}$ -110 to +13 (+20)
> 10 to 20 GHz	-110 to +3 -110 to +3	-110 to $+13$ (+20)
> 20 to 30 GHz	-110 to +3	
		-110 to $+9$ (+16)
> 30 to 65 GHz	-110 to +3	-110 to $+9$ (+12)
> 65 to 67 GHz	-110 to +3	-110 to +8 (+12)
> 67 to 70 GHz	-110 to +3 (typ)	-110 to +6 (typ)

1. Maximum power specifications are warranted from 15 to 35 °C, and is typical from 0 to 15 °C. Maximum power over the 35 to 55 °C range typically degrades less than 2 dB.With harmonic filters switched off. With filters on, maximum output power is reduced 3 dB for frequencies below 2 GHz.

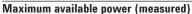
3. With harmonic filters switched off. With filters on, maximum output power is reduced 2 dB for frequencies below 2 GHz.

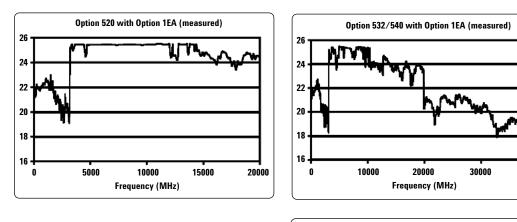
4. Specification applies to units with serial numbers ending with 45470000 or greater. For units with lower serial numbers, refer to the data sheet shipped with the unit or the version of this document dated December 16, 2004.

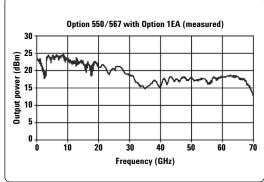
Step attenuator¹ (Option 1E1) Options 520, 532, and 540 Options 550 and 567

0 dB and 5 dB to 115 dB in 10 dB steps 0 dB to 90 dB in 10 dB steps

40000







Attenuator hold ra	nge							
Minimum	From –20 dB	m to maximum spe	cified output powe	er with step				
	attenuator in 0 dB position. Can be offset using Option 1E1 attenuator.							
Amplitude switchi	ng speed ²							
ALC on or off		< 3 ms (typ)						
(without power sea	arch)							
Level accuracy ³ (d	IB)							
Frequency	> +10 dBm	+10 to 0 dBm	0 to –10 dBm	–10 to –20 dBm				
250 kHz to 2 GHz	±0.6	±0.6	±0.6	±1.4				
> 2 GHz to 20 GHz	±0.8	±0.8	±0.8	±1.2				
> 20 to 40 GHz	±1.0	±0.9	±0.9	±1.3				
> 40 to 50 GHz		±1.3	±0.9	±1.2				
> 50 to 67 GHz		±1.5	±1.0	±1.2 (typ)				

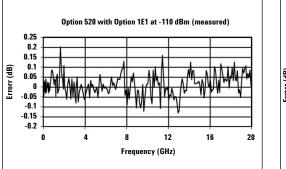
1. The step attenuator provides coarse power attenuation to achieve low power levels. Fine power level adjustment is provided by the ALC (Automatic Level Control) within the attenuator hold range.

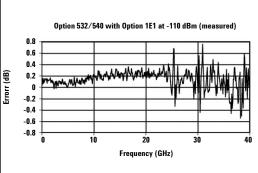
2. To within 0.1 dB of final amplitude within one attenuator range. Add 10 to 50 ms when using power search.

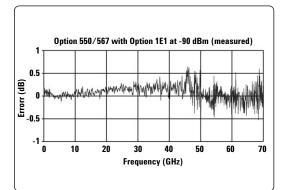
3. Specifications apply in CW and list/step sweep modes over the 15 to 35 °C temperature range with the ALC on. Degradation outside this range, for power levels > -10 dBm, is typically < 0.3 dB. In ramp sweep mode (with Option 007), specifications are typical. For instruments with Type-N connectors (Option 1ED), specifications are degraded typically 0.2 dB above 18 GHz. Specifications do not apply above the maximum specified power.</p>

Level accuracy with step attenuator (Option 1E1) ¹ (dB)							
Frequency	> +10 dBm	+10 to 0 dBm	0 to –10 dBm	–10 to –70 dBm	–70 to –90 dBm		
250 kHz to 2 GH	z ±0.6	±0.6	±0.6	±0.7	±0.8		
> 2 to 20 GHz	±0.8	±0.8	±0.8	±0.9	±1.0		
> 20 to 40 GHz	±1.0	±0.9	±0.9	±1.0	±2.0		
> 40 to 50 GHz		±1.3	±0.9	±1.5	±2.5		
> 50 to 67 GHz		±1.5	±1.0	±1.5 (typ)	±2.5 (typ)		

Level accuracy (measured)







Resolution	0.01 dB
Temperature stability	0.01 dB/°C (typ) ²
User flatness correction	
Number of points	2 to 1601 points/table
Number of tables	Up to 10,000, memory limited
Path loss	Arbitrary, within attenuator range
Entry modes	Remote power meter ³ , remote bus, manual
	(user edit/view)

Specifications apply in CW and list/step sweep modes over the 15 to 35 °C temperature range, with attenuator hold off (normal operating mode). Degradation outside this range, for ALC power levels > -10 dBm, is typically < 0.3 dB. In ramp sweep mode (with Option 007), specifications are typical. For instruments with type-N connectors (Option 1ED), specifications are degraded typically 0.2 dB above 18 GHz. Specifications do not apply above the maximum specified power.

^{2.} Options 550 and 567: $0.03 dB/^{\circ}C$ (typ) above 2 GHz.

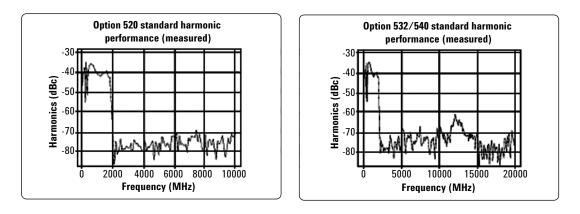
^{3.} Compatible with Agilent EPM Series (E4418B and E4419B) power meters.

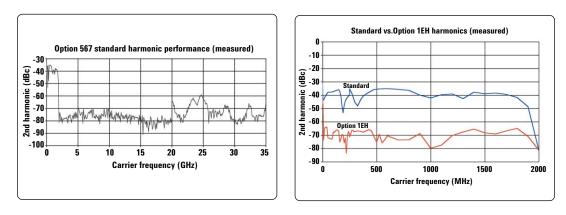
Output impedance	50 Ω (nom)		
SWR (internally leveled)			
250 kHz to 2 GHz	< 1.4:1 (typ)		
> 2 GHz to 20 GHz	< 1.6:1 (typ)		
> 20 GHz to 40 GHz	< 1.8:1 (typ)		
> 40 GHz to 67 GHz	< 2.0:1 (typ)		
Leveling modes	Internal leveling, external detector leveling		
	millimeter source module, ALC off		
External detector leveling			
Range	–0.2 mV to –0.5 V (nom) (–36 dBm to		
	+4 dBm using Agilent 33330D/E detector)		
Bandwidth	Selectable 0.1 to 100 kHz (nom)		
	(Note: not intended for pulsed operation)		
Maximum reverse power	1/2 Watt, 0 V _{DC}		

Spectral purity

Harmonics ¹	(dBc at +10 dBm or maximum specified			
	output power, whichever is lower)			
< 10 MHz	–28 dBc (typical below 1 MHz)			
10 MHz to 2 GHz	–30 dBc ^{2,3}			
10 MHz to 2 GHz (with Option 1EH filters on)	–55 dBc ⁴			
> 2 GHz to 20 GHz	–55 dBc			
> 20 GHz to 67 GHz (Option 532, 540, 550 & 567)	–50 dBc (typical)			
Harmonics (measured)				

Harmonics (measured)





- 1. Specifications are typical for harmonics beyond specified frequency range (beyond 50 GHz for Option 567).
- 2. Specification applies to units with serial numbers ending with 45130000 or greater. For units with lower serial numbers, the specification is -28 dBc.
- 3. Typical below 250 MHz if Option 1EH is installed and the filters are off.
- 4. In ramp sweep mode (Option 007), harmonics are -30 dBc below 250 MHz.

Sub-harmonics ¹		(dBc at +10 d	3m or maximum s	pecified output	
		power, whiche	power, whichever is lower)		
250 kHz to 10 GHz		None	None		
> 10 GHz to 20 GHz		<60 dBc			
> 20 GHz		< –50 dBc			
Non-harmonics ²		(dBc at +10 dl	3m or maximum s	pecified output	
		power, whichever is lower, for offsets > 3			
		[> 300 Hz with	n Option UNX or U	NR])	
Frequency		Spec	Typical		
250 kHz to 250 MHz		-65	-72 for >	10 kHz offsets	
> 250 MHz to 1 GHz		-80			
> 1 to 2 GHz		-74	-82		
> 2 to 3.2 GHz		-68	-76		
> 3.2 to 10 GHz		-62	-70		
> 10 to 20 GHz		-56	-64		
> 20 to 40 GHz > 40 GHz		50 44	—58 —52		
	a // 3				
SSB phase noise (CV	V) ³		rrier (dBc/Hz)	····i······	
Frequency 250 kHz to 250 MHz ⁴		20 kHz –130	20 kHz (1 –134	ypical)	
> 250 kHz to 250 kHz ⁴		-130 -134	-134 -138		
$> 500 \text{ MHz to 1 GHz}^4$		-134 -130	-136 -134		
> 1 to 2 GHz ⁴		-124	-128		
> 2 to 3.2 GHz		-120	-124		
> 3.2 to 10 GHz		-110	-113		
> 10 to 20 GHz		-104	-108		
> 20 to 40 GHz		-98	-102		
> 40 to 67 GHz		-92	-96		
Option UNR: Enhanc	ed SSB phase n	. ,			
		Offset from ca	rrier (dBc/Hz)		
Frequency	100 Hz	1 kHz	10 kHz	100 kHz	
	spec (typ)	spec (typ)	spec (typ)	spec (typ)	
250 kHz to 250 MHz ⁴	-94 (-115)	-110 (-123)	–128 (–132)	-130 (-133)	
> 250 to 500 MHz ⁴	-100 (-110)	-124 (-130)	-132 (-136)	-136 (-141)	
> 500 MHz to 1 GHz ⁴	-94 (-104)	-118 (-126)	–130 (–135)	-130 (-135)	
> 1 to 2 GHz ⁴	-88 (-98)	-112 (-120)	-124 (-129)	-124 (-129)	
> 2 to 3.2 GHz	-84 (-94)	-108 (-116)	-120 (-125)	-120 (-125)	
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	-74 (-84)	-98 (-106)	-110 (-115)	-110 (-115)	
> 10 to 20 GHz	-68 (-78)	-92 (-100)	-104 (-107)	-104 (-109)	
	()				
> 20 to 40 GHz	-62 (-72)	-86 (-94)	-98 (-101)	-98 (-103)	
> 40 to 67 GHz	-56 (-66)	-80 (-88)	-92 (-95)	-92 (-97)	

^{1.} Sub-harmonics are defined as Carrier Freq / N). Specifications are typical for sub-harmonics beyond specified frequency range (beyond 50 GHz for Option 567).

^{2.} Specifications are typical for spurs beyond specified frequency range (beyond 50 GHz for Option 567). Specifications apply for CW mode, without modulation. In ramp sweep mode (Option 007), performance is typical for offsets > 1 MHz.

^{3.} Phase noise specifications are warranted from 15 to 35 °C.

^{4.} Measurement at +10 dBm or maximum specified output power, whichever is less.

Option UNX: Absolute SSE	3 phase noise (dB	c∕Hz) (CW)¹				
			Offset from carrie	r		
Frequency	1 Hz Spec (typ)	10 Hz Spec (typ)	100 Hz Spec (typ)	1 kHz Spec (typ)	10 kHz Spec (typ)	100 kHz Spec (typ)
250 kHz to 250 MHz ²	-58 (-66)	-87 (-94)	-104 (-120)	-121 (-128)	–128 (–132)	-130 (-133)
> 250 to 500 MHz ²	-61 (-72)	-88 (-98)	—108 (—118)	-126 (-132)	-132 (-136)	-136 (-141)
> 500 MHz to 1 GHz ²	-57 (-65)	-84 (-93)	—101 (—111)	—121 (—130)	-130 (-134)	-130 (-135)
> 1 to 2 GHz ²	51 (58)	-79 (-86)	-96 (-106)	—115 (—124)	-124 (-129)	-124 (-129)
> 2 to 3.2 GHz	-46 (-54)	-74 (-82)	-92 (-102)	—111 (—120)	-120 (-124)	-120 (-124)
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	-37 (-44)	-65 (-72)	81 (92)	-101 (-109)	—110 (—114)	—110 (—115)
> 10 to 20 GHz	-31 (-38)	-59 (-66)	-75 (-87)	-95 (-106)	-104 (-107)	-104 (-109)
> 20 to 40 GHz	-25 (-32)	-53 (-60)	-69 (-79)	-89 (-99)	-98 (-101)	-98 (-103)
> 40 to 67 GHz	-20 (-26)	-47 (-56)	-64 (-73)	-84 (-90)	-92 (-95)	-92 (-97)

Option UNX: Residual SSB phase noise (dBc/Hz) (CW)¹

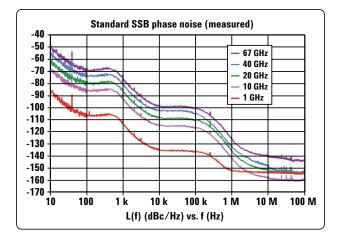
			Offset from carrie	r			
Frequency	1 Hz Spec (typ)	10 Hz Spec (typ)	100 Hz Spec (typ)	1 kHz Spec (typ)	10 kHz Spec (typ)	100 kHz Spec (typ)	
250 kHz to 250 MHz ²	(-94)	-100 (-107)	-110 (-118)	-120 (-126)	-128 (-132)	-130 (-133)	
> 250 to 500 MHz ²	(—101)	-105 (-112)	–115 (–122)	-124 (-131)	-132 (-136)	-136 (-141)	
> 500 MHz to 1 GHz ²	(-94)	-100 (-107)	-110 (-118)	—120 (—126)	-130 (-134)	-130 (-134)	
> 1 to 2 GHz ²	(—89)	-96 (-101)	-104 (-112)	-114 (-120)	-124 (-129)	-124 (-129)	
> 2 to 3.2 GHz	(—85)	-92 (-97)	-100 (-108)	—110 (—116)	-120 (-124)	-120 (-124)	
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	(-74)	(87)	(–98)	(—106)	(–114)	(—115)	

Phase noise specifications are warranted from 15 to 35 °C.
 Measured at +10 dBm or maximum specified power, whichever is less.

Measured phase noise with E5500 and plotted without spurs

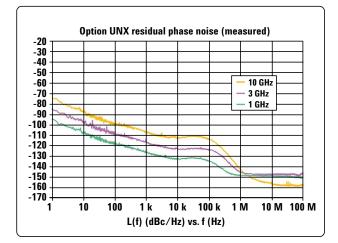
Option UNX phase noise

Standard phase noise

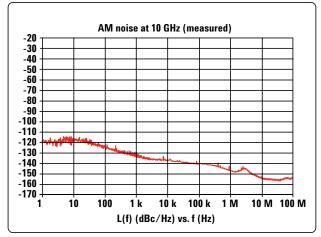


Option UNX absolute SSB phase noise (measured) -20 -30 -40 -50 67 GHz 40 GHz 20 GHz -60 -70 10 GHz -80 -90 – 1 GHz -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -140 -160 -170 10 100 1 k 10 k 100 k 1 M 10 M 100 M 1 L(f) (dBc/Hz) vs. f (Hz)

Residual phase noise



AM noise at 10 GHz



Residual FM	· [.] []				
(RMS, 50 Hz to 15	o khz bandwidth)	< N C 11= (+)			
CW mode		< N x 6 Hz (typ)			
Option UNX/UNR		< N x 4 Hz (typ)			
Ramp sweep mod	le	< N x 1 kHz (typ)			
Broadband noise		(CW mode at +10 dBm o	or maximum specifi	ed output	
		power, whichever is lo	wer, for offsets >	10 MHz)	
> 2.4 to 20 GHz		< –148 dBc/Hz (typ)			
> 20 to 40 GHz <					
> 40 GHz		<			
Measured RMS j	itter ¹				
-					
Standard					
Carrier	SONET/SDH	RMS jitter	Unit intervals	Time	
frequency	data rates	bandwidth	(µUI)	(fs)	
155 MHz	155 MB/s	100 Hz to 1.5 MHz	25	158	
622 MHz	622 MB/s	1 kHz to 5 MHz	21	34	
2.488 GHz	2488 MB/s	5 kHz to 20 MHz	57	23	
9.953 GHz	9953 MB/s	10 kHz to 80 MHz	152	15	
39.812 GHz	39812 MB/s	40 kHz to 320 MHz	627	16	
Option UNX					
Carrier	SONET/SDH	RMS jitter	Unit intervals	Time	
frequency	data rates	bandwidth	(µUI)	(fs)	
155 MHz	155 MB/s	100 Hz to 1.5 MHz	23	151	
622 MHz	622 MB/s	1 kHz to 5 MHz	19	30	
2.488 GHz	2488 MB/s	5 kHz to 20 MHz	56	22	
9.953 GHz	9953 MB/s	10 kHz to 80 MHz	152	15	
39.812 GHz	39812 MB/s	40 kHz to 320 MHz	626	16	
· · ·			-		

^{1.} Calculated from phase noise performance in CW mode only at +10 dBm. For other frequencies, data rate, or bandwidths, please contact your sales representative.

Frequency modulation¹

(Option UNT)

Phase modulation⁵

(Option UNT)

Maximum deviation ²	Frequency	Μ	aximum deviation	
	250 kHz to 250	MHz 21	MHz	
	> 250 to 500 N	1Hz 1 I	MHz	
	> 500 MHz to	1 GHz 2 I	MHz	
	> 1 GHz to 2 G	Hz 41	MHz	
	> 2 GHz to 3.2	GHz 81	MHz	
	> 3.2 GHz to 1	0 GHz 16	MHz	
	> 10 GHz to 20) GHz 32	MHz	
	> 20 GHz to 40) GHz 64	MHz	
	> 40 GHz to 67	'GHz 12	8 MHz	
Resolution	0.1% of deviation or 1 Hz, whichever is greater		ver is greater	
Deviation accuracy	< ± 3.5% of FN	/I deviation + 20 Hz		
		viations < N x 800	kHz)	
	response ³ (at 100 kHz d	,		
Path [coupling]	1 dB bandwidt		dB bandwidth (typ)	
FM path 1 [DC]	DC to 100 kHz		C to 10 MHz	
FM path 2 [DC]	DC to 100 kHz		C to 1 MHz	
FM path 1 [AC]	20 Hz to 100 k		5 Hz to 10 MHz	
FM path 2 [AC]	20 Hz to 100 kHz		Hz to 1 MHz	
DC FM ⁴ carrier offset				
Distortion	< 1% (1 kHz rate, deviations < N x 800 kHz)		x 800 kHz)	
Sensitivity	±1 V _{peak} for indicated deviation			
Paths		are summed intern		
			witched to any one of	
			2, internal1, internal2.	
		The FM2 path is limited to a maximum rate of 1 MHz.		
	The FM2 path	must be set to a de	eviation less than FM1.	
Maximum deviation ⁶	Frequency	Normal BW mo	de High BW mode	
	250 kHz to 250 MHz	20 rad	2 rad	
	> 250 to 500 MHz	10 rad	1 rad	
	> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	20 rad	2 rad	
	> 1 GHz to 2 GHz	40 rad	4 rad	
	> 2 GHz to 3.2 GHz	80 rad	8 rad	
	> 3.2 GHz to 10 GHz	160 rad	16 rad	
	> 10 GHz to 20 GHz	320 rad	32 rad	
	> 20 GHz to 40 GHz	640 rad	64 rad	

		520 Tau	52 Tau	
	> 20 GHz to 40 GHz	640 rad	64 rad	
	> 40 GHz to 67 GHz	1280 rad	128 rad	
Resolution	0.1% of set de	viation		
Deviation accuracy	$< \pm 5\%$ of deviation + 0.01 radians (1 kHz rate, normal			
	BW mode)			
Modulation frequency response ⁷				
	Normal BW m	iode	High BW mode	
Rates (3 dB BW)	DC to 100 kHz		DC to 1 MHz (typ) ⁸	
Distortion	< 1 % (1 kHz r	< 1 % (1 kHz rate, Total Harmonic Distortion (THD),		
	dev < N x 80 rad, normal BW mode)			
Sensitivity	±1 V _{peak} for indicated deviation			
Paths	ΦM1 and ΦM	Φ M1 and Φ M2 are summed internally for composite		
	modulation. Ei	modulation. Either path may be switched to any one of		

the modulation sources: Ext1, Ext2, internal1, internal2. The Φ M2 path must be set to a deviation less than Φ M1.

1. Above 50 GHz, FM is useable; however performance is not warranted.

- 2. Through any combination of path1, path2, or path1 + path2.
- 3. Specifications apply in CW and list/step sweep modes. During ramp sweep operation (Option 007), 3 dB bandwidth is typically 50 kHz to 10 MHz (FM1 path), and 50 kHz to 1 MHz (FM2 path).
- 4. At the calibrated deviation and carrier frequency, within 5 °C of ambient temperature at time of user calibration.
- 5. Above 50 GHz, phase modulation is useable; however performance is not warranted.
- 6. Through any combination of path1, path2, or path1 + path2.
- 7. Specifications apply in CW and list/step sweep modes. During ramp sweep operation (Option 007), 3 dB bandwidth is typically 50 kHz to 1 MHz (high BW mode).
- 8. Path 1 is useable to 4 MHz for external inputs less than 0.3 V peak.

Amplitude modulation ¹ (part of Option UNT)	Depth Linear mode	Exponential (log) mode (downward modulation only)
(typical)	Maximum:	
	ALC On:	> 90% > 20 dB
	ALC Off with Power Search ²	
	or ALC On with Deep AM ³	> 95 % > 40 dB
	Settable:	0 to 100 % 0 to 40 dB
		(0 to 100 %/volt sensitivity) (0 to 40 dB/volt sensitivity)
	Resolution:	0.1% 0.01 dB
	Accuracy (ALC On, 1kHz rate)	$\pm (6\% \text{ of setting } + 1\%) $ $\leq \pm (2\% \text{ of setting } + 0.2 \text{dB})$
	Ext sensitivity	\pm 1 V _{peak} for indicated depth -1 V for indicated depth
	Rates (3 dB bandwidth, 30% d	epth)
	DC Coupled	0 to 100 kHz
	AC coupled	10 Hz to 100 kHz (useable to 1 MHz)
	Distortion (1 kHz rate, ALC On	, linear mode, Total Harmonic Distortion)
	30% AM	< 1.5%
	60% AM	< 2%
	Paths	AM1 and AM2 are summed internally for composite

modulation. Either path may be switched to any one of the modulation sources: Ext1, Ext2, Internal1, Internal2.

^{1.} AM specifications are typical. For carrier frequencies below 2 MHz or above 50 GHz, AM is useable but not specified. Unless otherwise stated, specifications apply with ALC on and envelope peaks within ALC operating range (-20 dBm to maximum specified power, excluding step-attenuator setting).

ALC Off is used for narrow pulse modulation and/or high AM depths, with envelope peaks below ALC operating range. Carrier
power level will be accurate after a Power Search is executed.

^{3.} ALC On with Deep AM provides high AM depths together with closed-loop internal leveling. This mode can be used with a repetitive AM waveform (frequency > 10 Hz) with peaks > -5 dBm (nominal, excluding step-attenuator setting).

External modulation inputs (Ext1 & Ext2)

(Option UNT)

Internal modulation source (Option UNT)

Modulation types	AM, FM, and Φ M
Input impedance	50 or 600 Ω (nom) switched
High/low indicator	
(100 Hz to 10 MHz BW,	Activated when input level error exceeds 3% (nom)
ac coupled inputs only)	
Dual function generators pro	ovides two independent signals (internal1 and internal2) for
0 1	1 5 ()
use with AM, FM, Φ M, or L Waveforms	1 5 ()
use with AM, FM, ΦM, or L	F Out.
use with AM, FM, ΦM, or L Waveforms	F Out. Sine, square, positive ramp, negative ramp, triangle,
use with AM, FM, ΦM, or L	F Out. Sine, square, positive ramp, negative ramp, triangle,
use with AM, FM, ΦM, or L Waveforms Rate range	F Out. Sine, square, positive ramp, negative ramp, triangle, Gaussian noise, uniform noise, swept sine, dual sine ¹
use with AM, FM, ΦM, or L Waveforms Rate range Sine	F Out. Sine, square, positive ramp, negative ramp, triangle, Gaussian noise, uniform noise, swept sine, dual sine ¹ 0.5 Hz to 1 MHz

Internal1 or internal2. Also provides monitoring of internal1 or internal2 when used for AM, FM, or Φ M.
O to 3 V _{peak} , (nom) into 50 Ω
50 Ω (nom)
nase continuous)
Triggered or continuous sweeps
1 Hz to 1 MHz
0.5 Hz to 100 kHz sweeps/s, equivalent to sweep times
10 us to 2 s
0.5 Hz (0.5 sweep/s)

1. Internal2 is not available when using swept sine or dual sine modes.

Pulse modulation^{1, 2}

(Uption UNU)	l
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	500 MHz to 3.2 GHz	Above 3.2 GHz
On/Off ratio	80 dB (typ)	80 dB
Rise/Fall times (Tr, Tf)	100 ns (typ)	6 ns (typ)
Minimum pulse width		
Internally leveled	2 us	1 us
Level hold (ALC off with power search)	0.5 us	0.15 us
Repetition frequency		
Internally leveled	10 Hz to 250 kHz	10 Hz to 500 kHz
Level hold (ALC off with power search)	dc to 1 MHz	dc to 3 MHz
Level accuracy (relative to CW)		
Internally leveled	±0.5 dB	±0.5 dB
Level hold (ALC off with power search)	±0.5 dB (typ)	±0.5 dB (typ)
Width compression	±50 ns (typ)	±5 ns (typ)
(RF width relative to video out)		
Video feed-through ³	< 200 mv (typ)	< 2 mv (typ)
Video delay (ext input to video)	50 ns (nom)	50 ns (nom)
RF delay (video to RF output)	270 ns (nom)	35 ns (nom)
Pulse overshoot	< 10% (typ)	< 10% (typ)
Input level	+1 V _{peak} = RF On	+1 V _{peak} = RF On
Input impedance	50 Ω (nom)	50 Ω (nom)

Narrow pulse modulation^{1, 2}

(Option UNW)

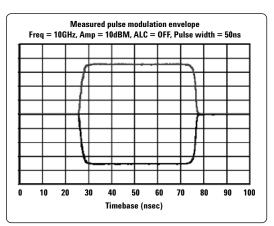
	10 MHz to 3.2 GHz	Above 3.2 GHz
On/Off ratio	80 dB	80 dB
Rise/Fall times (Tr, Tf)	10 ns (8 ns typical)	10 ns (6 ns typical)
Minimum pulse width		
Internally leveled	1 us	1 us
Level hold (ALC off with power search)	20 ns	20 ns
Repetition frequency		
Internally leveled	10 Hz to 500 kHz	10 Hz to 500 kHz
Level hold (ALC off with power search)	dc to 5 MHz	dc to 10 MHz
Level accuracy (relative to CW)		
Internally leveled	±0.5 dB	±0.5 dB (0.15 dB typical)
Level hold (ALC off with power search)	±1.3 dB (typ)	±0.5 dB (typ)

 With ALC off, specs apply after the execution of power search. Specifications apply with Atten Hold Off (default mode for instruments with attenuator), or ALC level between –5 and +10 dBm or maximum specific power, whichever is lower. Above 50 GHz, pulse modulation is useable; however performance is not warranted.

^{2.} Power search is a calibration routine that improves level accuracy with ALC off. The instrument microprocessor momentarily closes the ALC loop to find the modulator drive setting necessary to make the quiescent RF level equal to an entered value, then opens the ALC loop while maintaining that modulator drive setting. When executing power search, RF power will be present for typically 10 to 50 ms; the step attenuator (Option 1E1) can be set to automatically switch to maximum attenuation to protect sensitive devices. Power search can be configured to operate either automatically or manually at the carrier frequency, or over a user-definable frequency range.

^{3.} With attenuator in 0 dB position. Video feed-through decreases with attenuator setting.

	10 MHz to 3.2 GHz	Above 3.2 GHz
Width compression	±5 ns (typ)	±5 ns (typ)
(RF width relative to video out)		
Video feed-through ¹	< 125 mv (typ)	< 2 mv (typ)
Video delay (ext input to video)	50 ns (nom)	50 ns (nom)
RF delay (video to RF output)	45 ns (nom)	35 ns (nom)
Pulse overshoot	< 15% (typ)	< 10% (typ)
Input level	+1 V _{peak} = RF On	+1 V _{peak} = RF On
Input impedance	50 Ω (nom)	50 Ω (nom)



Free-run, triggered, triggered with delay,

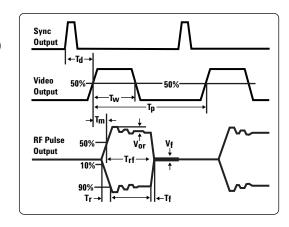
Internal pulse generator

(Option UNU or UNW)

	doublet, and gated. Triggered with delay,
	doublet, and gated require external
	trigger source.
Period (PRI) (Tp)	70 ns to 42 s
	(Repetition frequency: 0.024 Hz to
	14.28 MHz)
Pulse width (Tw)	10 ns to 42 s
Delay (Td)	
Free-run mode	0 to ±42 s
Triggered with delay and doublet modes	75 ns to 42s with ±10 ns jitter
Resolution	10 ns (width, delay, and PRI)

Td Video delay (variable) Tw Video pulse width (variable) Tp Pulse period (variable) Tm RF delay Trf RF pulse width Tf RF pulse fall time Tr RF pulse rise time Vor Pulse overshoot Vf Video feedthrough

Modes



Simultaneous modulation

All modulation types (FM, AM, Φ M, and pulse modulations) may be simultaneously enabled except: FM with Φ M, and linear AM with exponential AM. AM, FM, and Φ M can sum simultaneous inputs from any two sources (Ext1, Ext2, internal1, or internal2). Any given source (Ext1, Ext2, internal1, or internal2) may be routed to only one activated modulation type.

^{1.} With attenuator in 0 dB position. Video feed-through decreases with attenuator setting.

Remote programming

Interfaces	GPIB (IEEE-488.2,1987) with listen and talk, RS-232, and 10BaseT LAN interface.
Control languages	SCPI version 1997.0. Completely code compatible with previous PSG signal generator models: • E8241A • E8244A • E8251A • E8254A • E8257C
	The E8257D will emulate the applicable commands for the following Agilent signal generators, providing general compatibility with ATE systems: • 8340-series (8340/41B) • 8360-series (836xxB/L) • 83700-series (837xxB) • 8662A/63A
IEEE-488 functions	SH1, AH1, T6, TE0, L4, LE0, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, C0, E2.
ISO compliant	This family of signal generators is manufactured in an ISO-9001 registered facility in concurrence with Agilent commitment to quality.
Agilent IO Libraries	Agilent's IO Library Suite ships with the E8257D to help you quickly establish an error-free connection between your PC and instruments – regardless of the vendor. It provides robust instrument control and works with the software development environment you choose.

General specifications

Power requirements	90 to 132 VAC 47 to 64 Hz or 365 to 435 Hz; or 195 to 267 VAC 47 to 64 Hz, (automatically selected) < 250 W typical, 300 W maximum.
Operating temperature range	0 to 55 °C
Storage temperature range ¹	-40 to 70 °C
Altitude	< 4,572 m (15,000 ft.)
Environmental testing	Samples of this product have been tested in accordance with the Agilent Environmental Test Manual and verified to be robust against the environmental stresses of storage, transportation, and end-use; those stresses include but are not limited to temperature, humidity, shock, vibration, altitude, and power line conditions. Test methods are aligned with IEC 60068-2 and levels are similar to MIL-PRF-28800F Class 3. ²
EMC	Meets the conducted and radiated interference and immunity requirements of IEC/EN 61326-1. Meets radiated emission requirements of CISPR Pub 11/1997 Group 1 class A.
Storage registers	Memory is shared by instrument states and sweep list files. There is 14 MB of flash memory available in the E8257D PSG. Depending on how the memory is used, a maximum of 1000 instrument states can be saved.
Security	Display blanking Memory clearing functions (see Application Note <i>Security of Agilent Signal</i> <i>Generators Issues and Solutions</i> , literature number 5989-1091EN)
Compatibility	Agilent 83550 Series Millimeter Heads and OML millimeter source modules. Agilent 8757D scalar network analyzers. Agilent EPM Series power meters.
Self-test	Internal diagnostic routine tests most modules (including microcircuits) in a preset condition. For each module, if its node voltages are within acceptable limits, then the module "passes" the test.
Weight	< 22 kg (48 lb.) net, < 30 kg (68 lb.) shipping
Dimensions	178 mm H x 426 mm W x 515 mm D (7" H x 16.8" W x 20.3" D in.)

Storage below -20 °C instrument states may be lost.
 As is the case with all signal generation equipment, phase noise specifications are not warranted in a vibrating environment.

Input/Output Descriptions

Front panel connectors

Rear panel connectors

unless otherwise noted.)¹

(all connectors are BNC female

(All connectors are BNC female unless otherwise noted.)¹

RF output	Output impedance 50 Ω (nom)
Option 520	Precision APC-3.5 male, or Type-N with Option 1ED
Options 532, 540 and 550	Precision 2.4 mm male; plus 2.4 – 2.4 mm and
	2.4 – 2.9 mm female adapters
Option 567	Precision 1.85 mm male; plus 1.85 – 1.85 mm and
410	2.4 – 2.9 mm female adapters
ALC input	Used for negative external detector leveling. Nominal
	input impedance 120 k Ω , damage level ±15 V.
LF output	Outputs the internally generated LF source. Nominal
Factor and Success 4	output impedance 50 Ω.
External input 1	Drives either AM, FM, or Φ M. Nominal input impedance
External input 9	50 or 600 Ω , damage levels are 5 V _{rms} and 10 V _{peak} .
External input 2	Drives either AM, FM, or Φ M. Nominal input impedance
Pulse /trigger gets input	50 or 600 Ω , damage levels are 5 V _{rms} and 10 V _{peak} .
Pulse/trigger gate input	Accepts input signal for external fast pulse modulation
	Also accepts external trigger pulse input for internal
	pulse modulation. Nominal impedance 50 Ω . Damage
Pulse video out	levels are 5 V _{rms} and 10 V _{peak} . Outputs a signal that follows the RF output in all pulse
ruise video out	
	modes. TTL-level compatible, nominal source
Pulse sync out	$rac{}$ impedance 50 Ω . Outputs a synchronizing pulse, nominally 50 ns width,
ruise sylic out	during internal and triggered pulse modulation.
	TTL-level compatible, nominal source impedance 50 Ω
Auxiliary interface (dual mode)	Used for RS-232 serial communication and for
(master/slave source synchronization.
	(9-pin subminiature female connector).
GPIB	Allows communication with compatible devices
LAN	Allows 10BaseT LAN communication
10 MHz input	Accepts an external reference (timebase) input (at 1,
••••	2, 2.5, 5, 10 MHz for standard and 10 MHz only for
	Option UNX and UNR)
	Nominal input impedance 50 Ω
	Damage levels > +10 dBm
10 MHz output	Outputs internal or external reference signal. Nominal
	output impedance 50 Ω . Nominal output power +8 dBm
Sweep output (dual mode)	Supplies a voltage proportional to the RF power or
	frequency sweep ranging form 0 volts at the start of
	sweep to +10 volts (nom) at the end of sweep,
	regardless of sweep width.
	During CW operation, supplies a voltage propertional
	During CW operation, supplies a voltage proportional
	to the output frequency +10 volts (nom) corresponding
	to the output frequency, +10 volts (nom) corresponding to the maximum specified frequency.
	to the maximum specified frequency.
	to the maximum specified frequency. When connected to an Agilent 8757D scalar network
	to the maximum specified frequency. When connected to an Agilent 8757D scalar network analyzer (Option 007), generates a selectable number
	to the maximum specified frequency. When connected to an Agilent 8757D scalar network analyzer (Option 007), generates a selectable number of equally spaced 1 us pulses (nom) across a ramp
	When connected to an Agilent 8757D scalar network analyzer (Option 007), generates a selectable number of equally spaced 1 us pulses (nom) across a ramp (analog) sweep. Number of pulses can be set form
	to the maximum specified frequency. When connected to an Agilent 8757D scalar network analyzer (Option 007), generates a selectable number of equally spaced 1 us pulses (nom) across a ramp
	to the maximum specified frequency. When connected to an Agilent 8757D scalar network analyzer (Option 007), generates a selectable number of equally spaced 1 us pulses (nom) across a ramp (analog) sweep. Number of pulses can be set form

1. Digital inputs and output are 3.3 V CMOS unless indicated otherwise. Inputs will accept 5 V CMOS, 3 V CMOS, or TTL voltage levels.

Stop sweep In/Out	Open-collector, TTL-compatible input/output. In ramp sweep operation, provides low level (nominally 0 V) during sweep retrace and bandcross intervals, and high level during the forward portion of the sweep. Sweep will stop when grounded externally, sweep will resume when allowed to go high.
Trigger output (dual mode)	Outputs a TTL signal. High at start of dwell, or when waiting for point trigger; low when dwell is over or point trigger is received. In ramp sweep mode, provides 1601 equally-spaced 1us pulses (nom) across a ramp sweep. When using LF Out, provides 2 us pulse at start of LF sweep.
Trigger input	Accepts TTL signal for triggering point-to-point in manual sweep mode, or to trigger start of LF sweep. Damage levels \geq +10 V or \leq -4 V.
Source module interface	Provides power and leveling connections to the millimeter source modules.
Source settled	Provides an output trigger that indicates when the signal generator has settled to a new frequency or power level. High indicates source not settled, Low indicates source settled.
Z-axis Blank/Markers	During ramp sweep, supplies +5 V (nom) level during retrace and bandswitch intervals. Supplies –5 V (nom) level when the RF frequency is at a marker frequency.
10 MHz EFC	(Option UNR/UNX only) Accepts an external DC voltage, ranging from –5 V to +5 V, for electronic frequency control (EFC) of the internal 10 MHz reference oscillator. This voltage inversely tunes the oscillator about its center frequency approximately –0.07 ppm/V. The nominal input impedance is greater than 1 MΩ.

Options, Accessories, and Related Products

Model/option	Description
E8257D-520	Frequency range from 250 kHz to 20 GHz
E8257D-532	Frequency range from 250 kHz to 31.8 GHz
E8257D-540	Frequency range from 250 kHz to 40 GHz
E8257D-550	Frequency range from 250 kHz to 50 GHz
E8257D-567	Frequency range from 250 kHz to 67 GHz
E8257D-007	Analog ramp sweep
E8257D-UNX	Ultra low phase noise
E8257D-UNT	AM, FM, phase modulation, and LF output
E8257D-UNU	Pulse modulation
E8257D-UNW ¹	Narrow pulse modulation
E8257D-1EA	High output power
E8257D-1E1	Step attenuator
E8257D-1ED	Type-N (f) RF output connector (Option 520 only)
E8257D-1EH	Improved harmonics below 2 GHz
E8257D-1EM	Moves all front panel connectors to the rear panel
E8257D-1EZ	Extended support life
E8257D-1CN	Front handle kit
E8257D-1CM	Rackmount flange kit
E8257D-1CP	Rackmount flange and front handle kit
E8257D-C09	Move all front panel connectors to the rear panel except for the RF
E8257D-HSM ²	output connector Scan modulation (20 GHz model only)
E8257D-H3W-	1 GHz external frequency reference input and output
E8257D-HCC	Connections for phase coherency > 250 MHz
E8257D-HCC E8257D-H30 ¹	Internal mixer for up conversion capability in the 20, 31.8, and
E0237D-H30	40 GHz models
E8257D-H60 ¹	Internal mixer for up conversion capability in the 50 and 67 GHz models
E8257D-UK6	Commercial calibration certificate and test data
E8257D-CD1	CD-ROM containing the English documentation set
E8257D-ABA	Printed copy of the English documentation set
E8257D-0BW	Printed copy of the assembly-level service guide
8120-8806	Master/slave interface cable
9211-2656	Transit case
9211-7481	Transit case with wheels
E8257DS15 ³	OML Inc. Millimeter source module, 50 GHz to 75 GHz at +8 dBm
E8257DS12 ³	OML Inc. Millimeter source module, 60 GHz to 90 GHz at +6 dBm
E8257DS10 ³	OML Inc. Millimeter source module, 75 GHz to 110 GHz at +5 dBm
E8257DS08 ³	OML Inc. Millimeter source module, 90 GHz to 140 GHz at –2 dBm
E8257DS06 ³	OML Inc. Millimeter source module, 110 GHz to 170 GHz at –6 dBm $$
E8257DS05 ³	OML Inc. Millimeter source module, 140 GHz to 220 GHz at -12 dBm
E8257DS03 ³	OML Inc. Millimeter source module, 220 GHz to 325 GHz at –25 dBm $$

Must be ordered with Option 1E1.
 Must be ordered with Option UNT and not available with Option UNU.

^{3.} Millimeter source module a product of Oleson Microwave Labs, Inc. and must be ordered with Option 1EA.

Web Resources

For additional information, visit: www.agilent.com/find/psg

For more information about renting, leasing or financing Agilent's latest technology, visit: www.agilent.com/find/buy/alternatives

For more accessory information, visit: www.agilent.com/find/accessories

For additional description of Agilent's IO Libraries Suite features and installation requirements, please go to: www.agilent.com/find/iosuite/database

Related Agilent Literature

Agilent PSG Signal Generators Brochure, Literature number 5989-1324EN

E8257D PSG Signal Generators Configuration Guide, Literature number 5989-1325EN

E8267D PSG Vector Signal Generator Data Sheet, Literature number 5989-0697EN

E8267D PSG Vector Signal Generator Configuration Guide, Literature number 5989-1326EN

Millimeter Wave Source Modules from OML, Inc. for the Agilent PSG Signal Generators Technical Overview, Literature number 5989-2923EN

Security of Agilent Signal Generators Issues and Solutions, Literature number 5989-1091EN

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United States: (tel) 800 829 4444 (fax) 800 829 4433

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(tel) 877 894 4414 (fax) 800 746 4866

China:

(tel) 800 810 0189 (fax) 800 820 2816

Europe: (tel) 31 20 547 2111

Japan:

(tel) (81) 426 56 7832 (fax) (81) 426 56 7840

Korea:

(tel) (080) 769 0800 (fax) (080) 769 0900

Latin America:

(tel) (305) 269 7500

Taiwan:

(tel) 0800 047 866 (fax) 0800 286 331

Other Asia Pacific Countries:

(tel) (65) 6375 8100 (fax) (65) 6755 0042 Email: tm_ap@agilent.com Revised: 09/14/06

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